

BIG SANDY NEWS.

Aut inveniam viam, aut faciam.

VOL. II. NO. 23.

LOUISA. LAWRENCE CO., KY., JANUARY 27, 1887.

FERGUSON & CONLEY, Publishers.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Boos ten-cent pieces have made their appearance.

Haas's new silk mill, just started, will employ 400 hands.

FADDEA RUM Post-office, O., has been changed to Glendale.

A SPANISH Chamber of Commerce is talked of in New York.

PINKERTON has made its appearance among the horses in Pittsburgh.

GIRAS equal to the Jamaica is growing on Caloosahatchie river, Fla.

ENGLAND proposes to tax foreign workers twenty-five dollars a year.

SYN. LOMAS has one saloon to every 175 people and one church for every 2,000.

At Louisville, Nathan Bloom, a dead merchant, had a funeral a mile long.

There is a proposition to change inauguration day from March 4 to April 31.

The Constitutional General Assembly re-elected General Hawley U. M. Senator.

SMOKED red, whatever that may be, is named among the now fashionable colors.

TAXES wants Congress to pass a law against dealing in grain and cotton futures.

Two sisters in Washington bear the names of Desire Moore and Plenty Moore.

KANSAS has over \$40,000 of school funds in the treasury awaiting investment.

It now seems probable that the first of April will see every army in Europe in the field.

EX-SENATOR JOSEPH E. McDONALD's law practice is said to be world over \$100,000 per year.

SOCIALISTS in America are sending money to Germany to help their brethren out at the polls.

In Nuevo Leon, Mex., a woman recently gave birth to five children, three boys and two girls.

TINY toboggans now "daagla from the bangle" worn by the progressive girl of the period.

TOBOGGAN note paper and envelopes have appeared in time to be mixed up with the craze of the hour.

In Upper Alton, Ill., there are 187 marrable young women and only eighteen eligible single men.

FOUR prosperous citizens of New York earn their livelihood as doctors for the lapdogs of rich women.

They have been experimenting with juries of six men in Michigan, and the people seem to be satisfied.

"MONTANA turns" is the name by which \$100 or \$150 lumps of bullion are known in that Territory.

THE new aqueduct in New York has thus far caused the slaughter of sixty-one men and the serious injury of 133 others.

JUDGE STANLEY MATTHEWS' house in Washington has a fine music room, containing a pipe organ and concert grand piano.

QUEEN VICTORIA never eats any but stale bread. This, however, is believed to be more a matter of taste than necessity.

NO doubt anxiety to see herself in becoming mourning led Miss Van Zandt, of Chicago, to desire to wed Anarchist Spies.

The heating of cars by steam from the locomotive boiler has been tried with success on several New England railroads.

French ladies are wearing dresses of plaid wool this winter. The latest fancy is to have all the plaid of the skirt hies.

PAUL R. SWASSER, the "brain" of the Tweed ring, to-day walks the streets of New York unknown, unnoticed, stout and shabby.

An Irish landlord with a rent roll of \$30,000 per annum has been obliged to go to the poor house because he can't collect any of his rents.

The Galveston News wants passenger cars so constructed that they will fail to pieces when they turn over, so that none can escape."

CONGRESSMAN CHAIN, of Texas, Tom Oehlrich's successor, is the only native born Texan in the delegation from the Long State.

The oldest surviving holder of a diploma from Dartmouth is Abraham T. Lowe, M. D., of Boston, who was born in 1790 and was graduated in 1816.

In the northwest provinces of India, including Oudi, there are 44,000,000 Hindoos and Mohammedans crowded into an area of 105,100 square miles.

ALMOST every government in Europe believes that war will be precipitated when "the flowers that bloom in the spring" make their appearance.

Now JEWISH education statistics show thirty-eight thousand children, between the ages of seven and twelve, did not attend school last season.

OSPREAS, a town on the west side of the Cascades, in Washington Territory, boasts of a schoolmaster of eighteen summers and a weight of 350 pounds.

The remains of California's noted benefactor, Lick, have been deposited in a niche in the foundation on which the great Lick telescope is to be placed.

CHICAGO invested \$24,000,000 in building enterprises in 1860. It is estimated that but for the strikes the amount invested would have reached \$30,000,000.

IF the Atlanta Constitution is correct, there is a clerk in the department of Secretary Lucius Quintus Cincinnatus Lamar whose name is Washington Jefferson Lincoln Gerritt Smith Jones.

There is a story extant to the effect that the Hon. Benjamin Harris Brewster loved a grata fire, but hated black coal, and accordingly has his servant whitewash the coal before it is brought into his room.

Over 230,000 cubic yards of limestone and slate rock has fallen out of the bank of Niagara River, near Horseshoe Falls, or the Canadian side. The break has considerably changed the appearance of the bank.

MARK TWAIN said, recently, when asked whether it was true that he proposed to start a newspaper in Hartford: "Oh, no! I shall never start a newspaper so long as I can buy three for less than it costs to have my boots blacked."

The Queen of Greece takes her airing in a carriage for which she paid \$5,000. It was built for the triumphal entry of the Comte de Chambord into Paris, which never took place, owing to circumstances over which the Comte had no control.

BAGGAGE CAR BLOWN UP.

A MYSTERIOUS EXPLOSION NEAR ALTOONA, PA.

HATBREADTH ESCAPE OF TWO MEN FROM DEATH—THE EXPLOSIVE CONCEALED IN A TRUNK BELONGING TO A HUNGARIAN MINER—THE OWNER ARRESTED.

PIRATESON, Jan. 19.—The baggage car attached to the New York limited express, which arrived in this city at 10:30 o'clock last night, was almost blown to pieces by dynamite, or some other terrible explosive, a few miles east of Altoona, Pa. Baggage-master Harry Mingus, who was in the car at the time, was pretty badly hurt. The trunk was put on the train at Duncaun, near Harrisburg, and was checked through to Pittsburgh. Mingus was arranging the trunks in the car. He picked up a small ordinary trunk and threw it on top of some other baggage. An explosion followed, which lifted the top of the car as though it was made of paper, and scattered fragments in all directions. The shock was terrible, and startled the attention of the passengers, and when it was found that the baggage-car had been almost blown to pieces the greatest excitement prevailed. The train was stopped and the baggage transferred to another car. Mingus was quite seriously injured, but will recover. A brakeman who was in the car at the time escaped by being thrown behind a stack of trunks. The damaged car was sidetracked and the train then proceeded on its way. The Pennsylvania railroad officials have determined to sift the matter to the bottom. The owner of the trunk was arrested when he presented his check for the trunk at the baggage-room this morning. He said that he was a Hungarian coal miner, and that his name was John Kagan. He came from Hazleton in search of work, and strenuously denied that there was any explosive in the trunk. It contained, he claims, nothing but clothing and some matches. Pending a thorough investigation he will be detained.

SPIES—VAN ZANDT.

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EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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THURSDAY, JANUARY 27th, 1887.

France and Germany, Austria and Russia, and Italy and England are all reported to be preparing for war.

The Inter-state Commerce bill has passed the House and Senate, and only needs the signature of the President to become a law.

Mrs. Cleveland some time ago set the most excellent example of discarding her hat when attending a theatre. The society ladies of most all the cities are already following her example.

Mrs. Voorhees, the wife of Hon. D. W. Voorhees, the distinguished Senator from Indiana, died last Friday in Washington. The remains were taken to Terre Haute for interment.

In the very probable event of the second rejection by the Senate of the negro Matthews, to be Recorder of Deeds in the District of Columbia, the President, it is thought, will appoint Wm. H. Smith, another colored man.

Senator Van Wyck, of Nebraska, has been defeated for re-election by A. S. Paddock, a straight Republican. Van Wyck was evidently defeated because he has been found to be honest and bitterly opposed to monopolies.

The British extradition treaty was before the Senate Friday in secret session. Mr. Riddleberger is reported to have vigorously opposed it, declaring that the recovery of a hundred boodlers from Canada would not offset the surrender of a single Irish patriot, a refugee from British oppression. Final action was not had on the treaty.—*Courier-Journal*.

Twenty States in which State elections were seriously contested in 1886 show a net Democratic plurality of 45,188 votes. In 1884 the same States gave a net Republican plurality of 146,612 votes. This Democratic gain of nearly two hundred thousand is an indication of the increased strength of the Democratic party under the administration of President Cleveland. We commend these figures to the serious consideration of the friends of Mr. Blaine.—*N. Y. Star*.

Rev. Stephen P. Holcombe, the noted Mission worker of Louisville, was the victim of a cowardly assault by three unknown men on last Sunday evening one of whom struck him on the side of the head with a sand-bag, knocking him senseless to the floor. In his fall he, in some way, got his right leg doubled under him, breaking both bones three inches below the knee. The cause of the attack is unknown unless it was done in revenge for the dismissal, by Mrs. Holcombe, of a servant girl, who has disappeared since the assault and cannot be found by the police. Hundreds of the citizens called to see and express sympathy with the sufferer that evening, and a large reward will be offered by his friends for the arrest and conviction of the ruffians who are still at large.—*Ex-*

Costly State Printing.

From December 14, 1885, to December 6, 1886, the sum of \$41,732.17 has been paid from the State Treasury of Kentucky under the head of Public Printing and Binding. This sum does not include the paper or stationary used for the same period. Nearly every state in the Union lets the printing and binding out to the lowest bidder. Evidence was given to a committee composed of members of the last Legislature that 25 per cent could be saved to

the state if the work was let out under contract to the lowest bidder. One of the gentlemen, representing one of the largest houses in Louisville, agreed to discount the present price paid for state binding 33½ per cent., and give a bond of \$100,000 for the faithful execution of the work. He was a Democrat, too. Yet, the committee reported against it.—*Frankfort Argus*.

The following is a synopsis of the Mexican pension bill:

It provides that a pension of \$8 a month shall be paid to all surviving officers and enlisted men, including marines, militia and volunteers of the military and naval services of the United States, who being duly enlisted, actually served sixty days with the army or navy of the United States in Mexico, or on the coasts or frontier thereof or en route thereto, in the war with that nation, or were actually engaged in a battle in said war, and were honorably discharged; and to such other officers and soldiers and sailors as may have been personally named in any resolution of Congress for any specific service in said war and the surviving widows of such officers and enlisted men. Provided that such widows have not remarried; that every such officer, enlisted man or widow who is or may be sixty-two years of age, or who may become subject to any disability or dependency equivalent to some cause prescribed or recognized by the pension laws of the United States as sufficient reason for the allowance of a pension, shall be entitled to the benefits of this act; but it shall not be held to include persons not within the rule of age or disability, or dependency herein defined, or who incurred such disability while in any manner voluntarily engaged in, or aiding, or abetting the late rebellion against the authority of the United States.

—*Times-Democrat*.

Democratic Party of Ky.

There is no denying the fact that the Democratic party of Kentucky is in a worse fix than at any other time since the war, and we think it will do the party good throughout the State for the press to deal in plain facts about it, it will have a tendency to stimulate the Democracy to duty and arouse them from their lethargy. Of course we will be successful this year in electing all the State Officers; but the primary or county conventions must be fair and discreet representative men must be selected to represent the people in May at the Louisville Convention, and in that convention the trader and tricksters must be forced to the rear and the convention must be presided over by a man with known integrity and political honesty, who will insure fairness in all things. The party cannot afford to put forward a standard bearer marked with intrigue manipulation, the nominees must have clean records and must be put forward by fair means or else our majority the first Monday in August will be shamefully small. For over a quarter of a century the Democracy of the State has had an unbroken control, all the records that have been made were made by them and whatever success or mistakes have been made they alone are responsible for, and to say that no mistakes have been made would be to affirm that we are not human and all antagonists profit by the mistakes of their enemies.

What the Republican party would have done had they been in power, God only knows; but if we judge by what they done in other southern states we would be forced to the conclusion that in their hands the state would have been hopelessly bankrupt in a few years. But as they have not been in power here their word for what they would have done is all they have to recommend them to the good grace of the people and strange as it may seem, thousands are influenced by it.

Then aside from the dissatisfaction whether real or imaginary the prohibition party will have a ticket in the field and it is very likely that the labor party will put out one, and to say that they will not draw largely from the Democratic party would be to acknowledge ignorance of public affairs, for alt-

such parties draw largely from the party in power.

The Republican party may claim to be a party of "God and Morality" but if they see a chance of electing their man they would not touch a Prohibition party with a forty foot pole.—*The Purchase*.

The New Road.

[National Republican.]

In Virginia, but 70 miles north of Cranberry ore bed, the marvelous coal measure commences that extend to the Ohio river. When a railroad connecting the coal and ore deposits shall traverse North Carolina, manufacturing will increase in that State with unexampled rapidity. Mayor Johnson, of Charlotte, and several leading manufacturers there told me that the present business was but a small fraction of what it would be when the Charleston, Cincinnati and Chicago railroad had finished its line from Ashland, Ky., to Marion, on the Western North Carolina road, or to some more southerly connection.

In Wilmington the merchants are rejoicing because the C. C. & C. will lay down coal at their wharves at a price that will make their city a coaling station for European and coasting steamers. They expect also that by bringing poplar, white oak, cherry, walnut and hickory logs and lumber in great quantities it will double their already extensive business. Equally great expectations are entertained by business men in Raleigh, Asheville and other interior cities, who watch the progress of the C. C. & C. road with profound interest.

Probably no enterprise of like magnitude was ever prosecuted with so little flourish of trumpets or so little public talk. When operations were begun in North and South Carolina much curiosity was awakened, but the management was reticent. Surveys were made between Rutherfordton, in the former, and Black's station on the A. & C. air line, in this State. Grading was done and track laying begun before the general public learned that the road-bed just completed was the first link of a system that would connect Charleston harbor with the head of low water navigation on the Ohio river at Ashland, Ky. When they realized that its route ran through the ore banks and coal measures, already named, they became enthusiastic, for this road would furnish what they much needed, but had never been able to get, cheap coal and iron. Forty-five miles of this road will be completed by the first of January. I examined the section from Shelby southward, over which trains are running. I doubt whether any road was ever built at the South equal to this. Steel rails of 60½ pounds are used, and will be on the entire line. The road-bed is excellently surfaced and except for the freshness of the ties and spikes works as though it has been built for years. Another section will be completed by the first of April, 1887, which will make a total of 105 miles equipped and in operation.

The Massachusetts and Southern Construction Company, which is building this road, has pursued a financial policy unparalleled in the history of such undertakings, for it has carried on its work without calling on the public for assistance. Every dollar it has expended has been furnished by inside parties.

This unusual policy has attracted the attention of Capitalists. Agents of several foreign syndicates have been obtaining information about the resources of the country the road is to traverse, preliminary to negotiations for securing the whole issue of the company's bonds.

I have no knowledge of the intentions of the Massachusetts and Southern Construction Company, but I am certain that no enterprise was ever pushed forward more energetically or independently or with so little newspaper flourish. The knowledge of the railroad they are building has gone abroad and is attracting investors to the country. I have met numbers of northern capitalists, and have heard of others who have hurried to the coal and iron counties to secure mineral properties before prices go up be-

cause of the progress of the grades. The Massachusetts and Southern Construction Company has recently purchased, for something more than a million dollars, the Chattanooga railroad. This road was built several years ago from Ashland, Ky., southward through the Big Sandy valley into the coal fields. By this purchase the construction company has secured a fine terminal site, but reduced by at least a year the time for the completion of its enterprise, and has come into possession of a property that is already making handsome earnings, and that will, when a ten mile extension is completed, receive enormous additions to its business.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low cost, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER Co., 100 Wall st., N. Y.

BUCKLER'S ARNICA SALVE.
The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, bites, chapped hands, chillblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale at R. F. Vinson's Drug Store.

THE COURIER-JOURNAL.

AN ORGAN OF LIVING IDEAS AND LIVE ISSUES.

AN ORGAN OF Monopolies, Oligarchy, and the Spirit of Sectional Hatred.

The Courier-Journal (LEWIS WATKINS Ed.-in-Chief), is the acknowledged Representative Newspaper of the South. It is published in Louisville, Ky., daily, at all the time to be a production of the *Way Times* as used on the ballot box in the South.

The Weekly Courier-Journal has for the largest circulation of any Democratic Newspaper in America. It is acknowledged Representative Newspaper of the South. It is published in Louisville, Ky., daily, at all the time to be a production of the *Way Times* as used on the ballot box in the South.

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Capt. Rigdon, passed up yesterday.

R. A. Dunn of Pittsburgh, was in Louisa Monday.

Miss Phoebe Northup has been sick for several days.

Fred Gallup, of Catlettsburg, was in Louisa Tuesday.

T. A. Garrigan, of Cincinnati, was in town this week.

Mr. Albert Copley now has charge of the Louisa wharf-boat.

Dr. Wrotten will open a private school on the 7th of next month.

Two persons were baptized in the river last Friday by Rev. Suddith.

The river is at a good steamboat stage, and several steamers are out.

Will Geiger, of Ashland, came up Saturday and spent a few days in Louisa.

Messera Hughes and Snyder are putting a pair of Howe scales in front of their stores.

J. P. Wallace and Frank Miller, of Maysville, were stopping at the Chattohoi this week.

C. M. Preston, of Paintsville, Deputy U. S. Revenue Collector for this District, was here this week.

J. A. Hughes has reduced the price of all Winter Goods to make room for Spring Stock.

During the favorable weather of the last few weeks a small force has been at work on the lock and dam.

"I am confident" said H. R. Wilson, of Gallipolis, O., "that no Vermin is equal to that made by Dr. Bellers." All druggists sell it, 25c.

The protracted meeting being carried on at the M. E. Church by Revs. Stratton and Suddith has been quite a success. Each church has received several accessions.

Janie Vinson, Ida Biliups, Lizzie Diamond, Ernest Shannon, and Forrest Stewart, in the Principal room, Louisa Public School, have not been absent during the term.

George Thornbury was in Louisa this week. He had just returned from Baltimore, where he secured a position as traveling salesman for Tucker & Co., dealers in hats.

Died, at her residence in Louisa, last Tuesday, Mrs. McKongie. The funeral services were held yesterday at the M. E. Church, of which the deceased was a faithful member.

Sheriff Shannon, accompanied by J. B. Spencer, took Wm. Kelley and Lewis Young to the penitentiary this week. Each of these prisoners was sentenced for one year.

FARMER'S BOYS AND GIRLS!—Do you want to know what you can get for a few hours' work? Write and return mail to Telegram Publishing Co., 19 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

One Dollar Reward will be paid for the return of a silver quarter paid out by mistake. The coin is dated 1850 and has engraved upon it "Saturday 14 December."

LEO FRANK.

The revival that has been in progress in the Smoky Valley, this county, for the past two weeks, conducted by Rev. Wm. B. Sneed closed on Sunday night last with 7 conversions and 13 additions to the M. E. Church.

NOTICE.—All parties indebted to the firms of C. D. Norris & Co. and Freese & Norris will please come forward and settle their accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection, before the first of March, 1887, as we desire to change our business.

C. D. NORRIS & CO.
FRESEE & NORRIS.

We are sure that the sufferer with Piles who gives Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment a trial will experience a complete cure, and go on his way rejoicing that there is a remedy

for Piles, composed of simple ingredients which fulfill the purpose of this excellent preparation more completely than all the so-called piles medicines in existence.

Our town officers have been getting in some good work during the past week. A house at which dunces have been regularly carried on of late by a low class of individuals was raided Saturday night, and about twenty-five participants were arraigned in Court Monday morning and fined four dollars each. The proprietor of the house was fined \$20.

Disease is no respecter of persons, and there is something about an effectual remedy for it that appeals to common humanity characterized by the highest intellect, or simple intelligence, and which possesses an interest alike for rich and poor. Such is Cousens' Honey of Tar, a well tried remedy for coughs, colds and diseases of the throat and lungs.

If you are so far behind the times as not to have used J. Monroe Taylor's Gold Medal Soda or Saleratus put it off no longer, but go immediately and purchase a paper. Everybody who has ever used it proclaims its good qualities. It takes less in quantity, is saving in flour and shortening, and will make weak stomachs strong. Do not fail to try it. Most of the Grocers and many of the Druggists sell it. Depot, 113 Water Street, New York.

In correction of an article in last week's issue about Mr. Broas' getting shot, we give herewith a statement made to us by that gentleman. He says he did not start the report that he was "shot in the heel" at Pikeville, or any other place. He was not shot and never said so, the story was started as a joke because he was limping and did not see fit to advertise the cause. He says he has not received anything but the kindest of treatment in Pike county and elsewhere on Sandy.

Ring out the old; ring the new! 'tis no reference to medicine. The numerous novelties in that line which have only an ephemeral existence are scarcely worthy to be mentioned in the category as that old reliable remedy known as Cousens' Honey of Tar, which our grandfathers used when the boys and girls had coughs, colds and diseases of the throat and lungs.

In former notice of the presents to our daughters, Thurza and Lizzie, on the occasion of their marriage, by a much regretted oversight these were omitted: From Mr. Richard A. Stone, a most beautiful bride's cake, finely decorated, to both of the Brides; and a very fine linen tablecloth to Lizzie.

From John W. Stewart, at Ann Arbor, Mich., a fine ebony clock, to Thurza. From Miss Emily A. Johnson, of Trenton, Ohio, a fine artistic, hand-knit petticoat to Lizzie. From Mr. Greenville Lacle, two beautiful glass pitchers, one to Thurza and one to Lizzie.

As expressions of friendship and good will, all were and are highly prized; but none more so than these.

R. T. & C. H. BURNS.

Proprietary Medicines. A visit to Dr. Green's Laboratory, at Woodbury, N. J., has considerably changed our views, and especially our prejudices in regard to what are generally known as "Standard Patent Medicines." Of course we are getting to that age of life when we are forced to conclude life itself is a humbug, and naturally distrust anything that has not withstood long and tried experiences. Being a physician I had the curiosity to know how such a sale of two medical preparations could be sustained for so many years. The perfect system upon which the business is conducted, and the pharmaceutical arrangements for the manufacture of the two recipes with which we were acquainted, are sufficiently convincing to us that the August Flower, for Dyspepsia, and Bochee's German Syrup, for throat and lung troubles, were for the complaints they are recommended, most excellent remedies, and only regret that in much of our practice medical ethics prevents us from prescribing them without making the formulas public. When we were shown the great quantity of voluntary letters having been forwarded to Dr. Green, from all parts of the country, and from all classes of people, laymen, ministers and doctors giving a de-

scription of their ailments, testimonials of their cures, etc., I feel like endorsing Dr. Green's suggestion that the Government accept such valuable formulas, and license them for general use by giving protection to the inventor same as patents generally.—Copied from N. Y. Druggists Circular of Oct., 1886.

The Public School.

Knowing that your space is limited I shall not ask you to publish the grade of the pupils in my room. But I deem it just to my pupils to say that since the publication of my last report great improvement has been shown over previous months. Some pupils have been 100 in all branches, others have been close to this desirable number, and all, without exception, have raised their grades.

Of the department of the pupils in my department nothing but good can be said. I have an experience of many years as teacher in different places, and I can truthfully say that I have never had the care of a better collection of boys and girls. Not all angels, of course, but lively, healthy young people, getting out of order occasionally, but easily brought back.

Miss Moore also speaks well of her charge. Hers has been a difficult task. The room in which she taught was crowded and poorly warmed, and at times the weather rendered the room uncomfortable and teaching a task, but she has done her part well.

Many of the parents residing in this district are to be censured in the strongest possible terms for their neglect in educational matters. For five months a school has been open to their children, without money and without price. Books, even, could have been furnished free. But the number of idle, dissolute boys to be seen on our streets, and the number of girls who are allowed to remain at home in idleness, show that some of our people care very little for the advantages of education. Nor are parents who keep children at home on the laziest pretenses desirous of blame.

Hoping that 1887 may witness the completion of a public school building commensurate with the needs of Louisa, I am the public's obedient servant,

G. W. WROTTEN,
Principal Louisa Public School.

Closing exercises in Miss Hannah Moore's room of Louisa School. PROGRAMME:

Song, White Wings, School. Recitation, Stay, stay at home my heart, School.

Recitation, The Boys, Rob Bickle, " New Year, Maggie O'Brien, " The Baggage Smasher, George Burgess.

Boating, Lou Vinson, Recitation, Over the Hill to the Poor House, Ida Holt.

Reading, Disappointment, John Burns.

Recitation, Twinkle Little Star, (modern version), Alice Abbott.

Recitation, The Scholar, Henry Snyder.

Recitation, The Sword Song, Hermia Northup.

Recitation, The Sword Song, Matie Wallace.

Reading, Willie Fulkeron.

Recitation, Children Sadie Marion, " Abon Ben Adam, Mary Yates.

Recitation, Lou and Kitty, Stella Lessingwell.

Recitation, Custard and Mustard, Lucy Priehard.

Reading, The Early Bird, Minnie Abbott.

Recitation, Maiden Fair, Charlotte Freece.

Recitation, The Old Woman, George Wrotten, Jr.

Recitation, Grand Pa, Ella Cook, " Find a Way or Make it, Fred Shannon.

Recitation, Prince's Feather, Sally Prese.

Recitation, Managing a Mule, Millie Higgins.

Recitation, Miss Edith Makos it Pleasant, Kitty Wrotten.

Recitation, Flying Jim's last leap, Nannie Freece.

Recitation, Tired Out, Emma Wood Northup.

Recitation, What Ended the Call, Edith Moreau.

Reading, Charley Hayes.

Song, School.

Closing address by R. C. McClure, Superintendent of Schools.

These exercises will take place Friday, Jan. 28. All are invited to attend.

PIKEVILLE, KY.

We notice in your columns of late date a notice of Mr. R. M. Broas

report that while in Pike he was shot in the heel. We cannot imagine why men will circulate such reports unless it be for an effect on men who are inclined to visit this country. Mr. Broas may have reported correctly, but no one here ever heard of it before, and during his stay in Pike he was not more than two miles above the town. He kept close and when he and Mr. Sam Pigg left here they went afoot. I will say that if Mr. Broas received a wound in the heel from a gun or pistol shot, he kept it to himself, but none of the people believe it. In fact, many say they know it is not true, and that it is reported in the interest of Mr. Broas. I say this much in justice to the people here; and can say further that there is just as little danger of being shot here as anywhere else, and our people do not deserve such a report.

A CITIZEN.

FREE TRADE.

The reduction of internal revenue and the taking of the revenue stamps from Proprietary Medicines, no doubt has largely benefited the consumers, as well as relieving the burden of home manufacturers. Especially is this the case with Green's August Flower and Bochee's German Syrup, as the reduction of thirty cents per dozen, has been added to increase the size of the bottles containing these remedies, thereby giving one-fifth more medicine in the 75 cent size. The August Flower for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint, and the German Syrup for Cough and Lung troubles, have perhaps, the largest sale of any medicines in the world. The advantage of increased size of bottles will be greatly appreciated by the sick and infirmed, in every town and village in civilized countries. Sample bottles for 10 cents remain the same size.

DR. H. O. Cease,

ALEX. LACKEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

LOUISA, - KENTUCKY

OFFICE IN COURT HOUSE.

J. W. RICE,

Attorney at Law,

LOUISA, - KENTUCKY,

Office—Old Hotel Building.

Dr. H. O. Cease,

DENTIST

LOUISA, - KENTUCKY

Office—Old Hotel Building.

W. T. EVANS

DRUGGIST.

Second door East of "Old Brick" Louisa Ky

Keeps on hand a full supply of

Drugs, Oils, Paints, Pat-

ent Medicines, Tobaccos

and Cigars.

Whiskey sold only on Prescription.

THE STAR

A Newspaper supporting the Principles of a Democratic Administration.

Published in the City of New York.

WILLIAM DORSHEIMER,

EDITOR

Daily, Weekly, and Sunday Editions.

THE WEEKLY STAR,

An Eight-page Newspaper, Issued every Wednesday.

A clean, pure, bright and interesting

FAMILY PAPER.

It contains the latest news, down to the hour of going to press.

Agricultural, Market, Household, Financial and Commercial, Political, Humorous and Editorial.

Departments, all under the direction of trained journalists of the highest ability. Its columns will be found crowded with good things from beginning to end.

Original stories by distinguished Americans and foreign writers of fiction.

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ONE DOLLAR FOR ONE YEAR.

Clubs of 10 or the same P. O. address, with an additional copy to organizer of Club, \$1.00.

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Special terms and extraordinary inducements to agents and canvassers.

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THE DAILY STAR.

This Daily Star contains all the news of the day in an attractive form. Its special correspondence by cable from Paris, Berlin, Vienna and Dublin, is a commendable feature.

At Washington, Albany, and other news centers, the ablest correspondents, specially retained by The Star, furnish the latest news by telegraph.

Its literary features are unsurpassed.

The Financial and Market Reviews are unusually full and complete.

TERMS OF THE DAILY STAR TO SUBSCRIBERS.

Fee of Postage in the United States and Canada, outside the limits of New York City.

Every Day, 50c. (including Sunday), \$7.00.

FARM AND FIRESIDE.

To prevent mustard-plasters from blistering, mix with the white of an egg.

In the matter of raising crops cheaply, it is safe to lay down the principle that large crops cost less to the acre than small ones.—*Chicago Journal*.

Kerosene will cure the scaly legs of fowls. Anoint the legs once a week with kerosene for three or four weeks and the legs will become perfectly clean.—*Philadelphia Record*.

The skin of a boiled egg is the most efficacious remedy that can be applied to a boil. Peel it carefully, wet and apply to the part affected. It will draw off the matter and relieve the soreness in a few hours.—*Exchange*.

Now that cold weather has set in, take care that all the fowls are well sheltered at all times. They need a little heat now, and an occasional feed of corn at night, slightly parched, will help along.—*Troy Times*.

It is said that a solution of piloarpine, two grains to the ounce of water, injected into the tooth cavity will cure neuralgia caused by bad teeth. From an eighth to a quarter of a grain seems sufficient to check the pain in the course of an hour.—*Health and Home*.

The fact is very suggestive that the egg supply falls off most rapidly while the days are shortening, and is smallest always during the months when the hours of sunshine are the fewest. No preparation for getting eggs in winter is complete which does not provide, besides warmth and good feeding, a plentiful supply of sunshine.—*Prairie Farmer*.

Lemon Custard. Beat together one cup of sugar, one teaspoonful butter, three eggs and the juice and grated rind of one lemon. Put three cups of milk in a basin on the stove, and, when it comes to a boil, add the beaten eggs, sugar, etc., stirring quickly all the time. When thoroughly mixed, set it in the oven and bake about twenty minutes, or until set.—*The Caterer*.

In answer to the question, "Does alsike clover make dark-colored honey?" several correspondents of the *Bee Journal* say it does not. Others say it makes a honey slightly darker than that from white clover, but not as dark as buckwheat honey. One reply says alsike clover honey has a pinkish color; another that it is every way equal to white clover honey.

Candied Citron. Peel and seed the citron; let it lay over night in weak sugar water. Next morning drain through a colander, take one pound of granulated sugar to one pound of citron; put the sugar on and boil until quite a thick syrup is formed, then drop the citron in and cook slowly until it is very tender and clear; when done pour on platos and set in a warm place to dry; then sprinkle with granulated sugar and keep in glass jars.—*Exchange*.

If well laid, a stone drain should last as long as one of tile. If a considerable amount of stone is used and there is a good outlet a stone drain will never fill up so that some water will not pass through it. Too great a fall or too large an amount of water is apt to displace stones. Hence attempts to make the stone in the form of an arch often fail. One side or the other is liable to be displaced, and presently a stone is pushed into the channel. Earth accumulates around this and the efficiency of the drain is impaired. Tile set in a ditch just wide enough to receive it can not easily be displaced.—*Western Rural*.

HOW TO PROSPER.

The Class of Farmers Who Are Successful and, in Consequence, Contented.

The prosperous farmer, like every other business man, is he who takes advantages of circumstances to get the most he honestly can out of what he has to sell. Not all business men follow the golden rule to do unto others what would be desired of them. Not all farmers do this, yet the golden rule is best in the long run. Why? A man's probity in dealing not only insures respect, but enables him to get better prices than he who does not strictly regard his word.

The man honorable in his dealings may be a man as keen in his bargains or in getting prices as he who does not strictly regard his word. He is more apt to figure closely in personal expenses, while at the same time being liberal in all things. He is apt to feel closely and at the same time fully. He saves by attending closely to the comfort of his stock. No depreciation is allowed to take place in buildings and sheds. His farm machines, wagons and implements never suffer from undue contact with the weather. Everything has a place, and all labor is performed at the proper time. He does not undertake work out of season, but in season he drives his work; it never drives him. He hires only the best help, treats his workmen courteously, and hence always gets the best—and keeps it. His workmen may advise, but never dictate to him.

When a crop is ready for the market it is promptly sold if the price suits. If not, it is held until the price is satisfactory. A crop, however, or animals, are not held for speculative prices. He well knows the cost of holding a crop, and the loss on animals from feeding, while holding from the market when fat.

The prosperous farmer is a reading man. He keeps himself posted on his business through journals devoted to his profession. He may not get rich suddenly, but he does not fail, except from some unavoidable disaster. Are there any of our readers who have been pursuing the slack way of doing business? If so, there is no better time to turn over a new leaf than right now.—*Farm Field and Stockman*.

WHITE BIRCH BARK.

An Outer Covering Which Is Not Indispensable to the Life of the Tree.

It is well-known that the bark of the white or paper, birch has been used by the Indians of our Northern regions, where the bark is native to the soil and climate, for making their boats. The canoe still familiar to our Indians and rivers is made of this material. A naturalist who visited the coast of Labrador three or four years ago tells us that the people of that region use this bark not only for their boats, but also for a covering to their houses. The result of this too extravagant use of the material is that the supply is running short. Trees of a size to yield sheets of the bark large enough for use are becoming scarce near the coast and on the river banks. He accounts for this disappearance of the trees by referring to the stripping off the bark at the cause of their death, and says that as soon as the bark is taken off the tree dies.

Upon this point the naturalist is a little at fault. The severity of Labrador winters may make the process fatal in that country, but it is not necessarily so in warmer climates. This outer covering is only a water-proof garment, a non-conductor of heat, worn for the comfort and protection of the tree, but not indispensable to its life. The true bark—all that is concerned with the circulation of the sap and the growth of the tree—is under this paper envelope in which the tree is carefully wrapped. After this outer covering is removed, the birch is in pretty nearly the same pliant as the beech. Its true bark is left, but it is exposed to injury. It absorbs water in the rain, and when this water freezes during the winter, the delicate vessels beneath the surface are destroyed, and the health of the tree suffers. Yet the writer has known birches to live and flourish more than twenty-five years after their covering had been removed as high up from the ground as a man could reach. Possibly, even in cold Labrador, the destruction of the birches is caused by cutting them down to strip them, an improvident practice which is not unknown farther south.—*Youth's Companion*.

An observatory is in building at Sonnblom in the Tyrolse Alps, ten thousand feet above the sea, which will be the highest of the kind in Europe. The mountain is relatively easy of access with mines half way up its slopes, and a wire rope-way in operation leading up to them. The observatory will be in telephonic communication with the mines, and thence in telephonic communication with whatever spot it may be desirable to reach.

\$10,000 were spent in eighteen years by Prof. C. A. Donaldson, of Louisville, Ky., in trying to get rid of rheumatism, but he found no relief until at last he used St. Jacobs Oil, which speedily cured him.

Take Red Star Cough Cure for colds. No opiates. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

TEN sweets of nutrified life should never be kept in family jars.—*Boston Post*.

A disease of so delicate a nature as stricture of the urethra should only be entrusted to those of large experience and skill. By our improved methods we have been enabled to speak so confidently of the cure of this disorder. Patients, references, and terms, 10 cents in stamp. *World's Dispensary Medical Association*, 603 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

WHEN does a man impose upon himself that he has lost his memory?

A COMBINATION lock makes a very good chest protector.—*N. Y. Picayune*.

It is afflicted with Sore Eyes see Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye Water. Druggists sell it 25c.

A PROMISING writer—the giver of promising note.

Sick and bilious headache cured by Dr. Pierce's "Pellets."

PENCILS are sometimes lead, but the pen has to be driven.

BRONCHITIS is cured by frequent small doses of Piso's Cure for Consumption.

ALWAYS has a pocky, unguent—the crowbar.—*Texas Siftings*.

THE MARKETS.

CINCINNATI, Jan. 24.—LIVE STOCK—Cattle—Common, \$3 20 25; Choice Butchers, \$3 50 42; HOGS—Common, \$3 90 42; Good Packers, \$4 50 42; Choice, \$5 75 45; FLOUR—Family, \$3 50 45; GRAIN—Wheat, \$2 red.

No. 8 red, \$2 25; Corn, \$2 50 42; No. 2 mixed, \$2 75 42; Corn—No. 1, \$3 00 42; HAY—Timothy, No. 1, \$1 00 11; TOBACCO—Medium Leaf, \$8 00 75; Good Leaf, \$8 20 80; PROVISIONS—Pork—Mess., \$12 75 15; LARD—Common, \$6 47 54; BUTTER—Choice, daily, \$1 18; Choice to Fancy Creamery, \$2 20 28; APPLES—Prime, per barrel, \$2 00 25; POTATOES—Per bushel, \$6 00 53; NEW YORK.

FLOWER—State and Western, \$3 15 20; GRAIN—Wheat, \$2 25; Corn—No. 2, \$2 50 42; Corn—No. 3, \$2 75 42; Oats—Mixed, \$3 50 45; Oats—No. 2, \$3 75 45; PORK—Mess., \$12 50 12; LARD—Western, \$6 00 53; CHICAGO.

FLOWER—Wheat, \$3 00 40; GRAIN—Wheat, \$2 red; No. 2, \$2 50 42; No. 2 Chicago spring, \$2 75 42; Corn—No. 3, \$3 00 45; Oats—Mixed, \$3 50 45; Oats—No. 2, \$3 75 45; PORK—Mess., \$12 50 12; LARD—Steam.

BALTIMORE.

FLOWER—State and Western, \$3 15 20; GRAIN—Wheat, \$2 red; No. 2, \$2 50 42; No. 2 Chicago spring, \$2 75 42; Corn—No. 3, \$3 00 45; Oats—Mixed, \$3 50 45; Oats—No. 2, \$3 75 45; PORK—Mess., \$12 50 12; LARD—Steam.

INDIANAPOLIS.

FLOWER—Family, \$3 00 40; GRAIN—Wheat, \$2 red; No. 2, \$2 50 42; Corn—No. 3, \$2 75 42; Oats—Mixed, \$3 00 45; Oats—No. 2, \$3 25 45; PORK—Mess., \$12 50 12; LARD—Steam.

LOUISVILLE.

FLOWER—State and Western, \$3 15 20; GRAIN—Wheat, \$2 red; No. 2, \$2 50 42; Corn—No. 3, \$2 75 42; Oats—Mixed, \$3 00 45; Oats—No. 2, \$3 25 45; PORK—Mess., \$12 50 12; LARD—Steam.

TOBACCO—Common Logs, \$1 00 12; Medium Leaf, \$1 50 15; Good Leaf, \$4 50 50.

100 FARMS for Sale, S. W. Ind. Health society, soil, markets, City and County boundaries. Use for stamp. ALEX. LESLIE, Washington, Ind.

CATTLE—Fifteen quality, \$4 00 45; HOGS—

INDIANAPOLIS.

GRAIN—Wheat, \$2 red; No. 2, \$2 50 42; Corn—No. 3, \$2 75 42; Oats—Mixed, \$3 00 45; Oats—No. 2, \$3 25 45; PORK—Mess., \$12 50 12; LARD—Steam.

TOBACCO—Common Logs, \$1 00 12; Medium Leaf, \$1 50 15; Good Leaf, \$4 50 50.

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